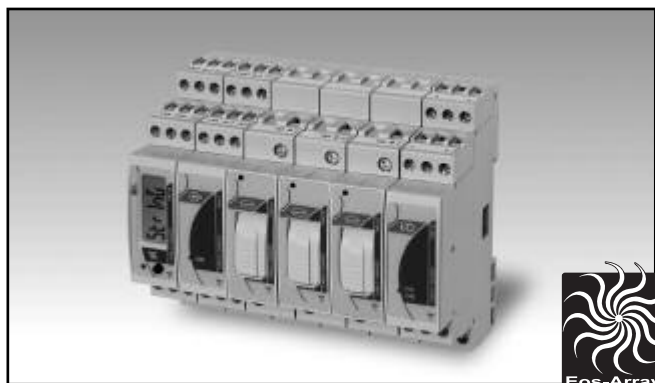


Energy Management Control solution for solar PV applications Type Eos-Array

CARLO GAVAZZI



- Modular local control system for PV plants
- Up to 16 DIN modules configuration equivalent to 280mm width
- Eos-ArraySoft freeware software for easy product configuration
- Eos-Array can be formed by maximum 16 units
- Eos-Array can manage in addition to VMU-M master unit up to:
 - 1 VMU-P unit;
 - max 15 VMU-S units;
 - max 7 VMU-O units.



VMU-M, master unit



- Master communication capability
- RS485 communication port (Modbus)
- Local communication bus management up to 15 mixed VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units
- Two digital inputs
- Two temperature inputs: Pt100 or Pt1000
- Single virtual or real alarm set-point connectable to any available variable
- Data stamping system
- Display readout: 6 DGTs
- 12 to 28 VDC power supply
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

VMU-M Product Description

Eos-Array is a combination of modules which performs a complete control of a photovoltaic plant. The core unit is VMU-M which performs the local bus management of VMU-S, VMU-P both measuring units and VMU-O I/O unit. VMU-M assigns the proper local unit address automatically (up to 15 units) and gathers all the local measurements coming from VMU-S and VMU-P measuring units. VMU-M can pro-

vide by means of VMU-O modules two relay outputs so the manage alarms or/and external loads (like a lighting system; a module washing system and so on) and two temperature inputs. These latter two measuring inputs can become, according to the programmed function also two digital inputs. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

How to order VMU-M 4 A S1 T2 X

Model _____
 Function _____
 Power supply _____
 Communication _____
 Inputs _____
 Option _____

Type Selection

Function	Power supply	Communication	Inputs
4: Data storage 4Mbyte (*)	A: From 12 to 28VDC (*)	S1: RS485 Modbus (*)	T2: two temperature inputs or two digital inputs for free of voltage reading contacts (*)
Option	(*) as standard. (**) on request.		
X: none			



VMU-S, string unit



- Direct DC voltage measurement up to 1000V
 - Energy measurements: kWh
 - Direct DC current measurement up to 16A
 - Instantaneous variables data format: 4 DGT
 - Energies data format: 6 DGT
 - Instantaneous variables: V, A, W.
 - Accuracy: Class 1 (kWh) ±0.5 RDG (current/voltage)
 - Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M unit
- PV module connection control by means of VMU-M unit only
 - Integrated 10.3x32mm fuse holder for string protection
 - Dimensions: 1-DIN module
 - Protection degree (front): IP40
- String alarm management by means of VMU-M unit only
 - Antitheft control by means of VMU-M unit only
 - Fuse blow detection by means of VMU-M unit only

VMU-S Product Description

Variables measuring unit with built-in protection fuse-holder (the fuse is not provided); particularly indicated for DC current, voltage, active power and energy metering in PV solar applications. The current inputs/outputs and also the voltage inputs are made so to simplify the string common connections. Direct connection up to 16A. More-

over the unit is provided with an auxiliary serial communication bus. Alarms, antitheft control, fuse blow detection, PV module connection and serial communication are managed by means of VMU-M module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

How to order

VMU-S AV10 X S FX

Model

Range

Power supply

Communication

Option

Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
AV10: 1000V DC (*)	X: from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit (*)	S: auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-M module (*)	FX: with fuse holder

(*) as standard.
(**) on request.

VMU-P, measuring unit



- Measurements: PV module temperature, ambient temperature, sun irradiation, wind speed
- Two temperature inputs: Pt100 or Pt1000
- One 120mV DC input with scaling capability for irradiation measurement
- One pulse input for wind speed measurement
- Auxiliary communication bus to VMU-M unit bus
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M unit
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

VMU-P Product Description

Environment variable measurement unit particularly indicated for PV module temperature, ambient temperature, sun irradiation, wind speed metering in PV solar applications. Moreover the unit is provided with a specific serial communication bus which is managed

by means of the additional VMU-M module. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

How to order

VMU-P 2TIW X S X

Model _____
 Range _____
 Power supply _____
 Communication _____
 Option _____

Type Selection

Range	Power supply	Communication	Option
2TIW: Two "Pt" temperature type probes, sun irradiation and wind speed measuring inputs (*)	X: from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit (*)	S: auxiliary communication bus, compatible only to VMU-M module (*)	X: none
(*) as standard. (**) on request.			



VMU-O, inputs/outputs unit



- I/O module
- Two relay outputs managed by the VMU-M module
- Two digital inputs managed by the VMU-M module
- Auxiliary power supply from VMU-M module
- Dimensions: 1-DIN module
- Protection degree (front): IP40

VMU-O Product Description

I/O unit suitable to be used in combination with VMU-M modules. VMU-O allows to add, for every single unit, two digital inputs and two relay outputs to a VMU-M based system. Housing for DIN-rail mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

How to order

VMU-O X I2 R2 X

Model

Power supply

Inputs

Outputs

Option

Type Selection

Power supply	Inputs	Outputs	Option
X: from 12 to 28VDC, self-power supply from VMU-M unit (*)	I2: two digital inputs (*)	R2: two relay outputs (*)	X: none

(*) as standard.
(**) on request.

VMU-M Display and LED specification

Display Type Information read-out	1 line (max: 6-DGT) LCD, h 7mm From 4 to 6-DGT depending on the information.	Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.
LED Type Status and colour	Dual colour Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus.	

VMU-S LED specification

LED Type Status	Multicolor ON steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no alarm. Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A; Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 3A; Light orange: there is a string current from 3.1 to 6A; Orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 8A; Dark orange: there is a string current from 8.1 to 10A; Red: there is a string current higher than 10A; White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data	reading and displaying. Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm. Cycling from blue to green: PV modules removed or blown fuse. Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity. Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above. The cycling time is approx. 1 second.
Colour		

VMU-P LED specification

LED Type Status	Multicolor ON steady light: the module is power supplied. Green: the power supply is ON.	White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.
Colour		

VMU-O LED specification

LED Type Status	Multicolor ON steady light: the module is power supplied. Green: the power supply is ON. White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.	Red: one or both digital inputs are activated. Blue: one or both digital outputs are activated. Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.
Colour		

VMU-M input specifications

Digital inputs Number of inputs Working mode	2 First input: detection of ON/OFF status Second input: counting of pulses coming from an energy meter	Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
		Temperature inputs Number of inputs Temperature probe Number of wires Wire compensation Accuracy (Display + RS485)	2 Pt100, Pt1000 2 or 3-wire connection Up to 10Ω. See "Temperature input characteristics"
Purpose	- First input: trip of protection detection, the status is transmitted only by means of the communication port. - Second input: trip counter, interfacing with an energy meter (-kWh) so to measure the total efficiency of the system.	Temperature drift Engineering unit Insulation	±150ppm Selectable °C or °F See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Input frequency Pre-scaler adjustment	20Hz max, duty cycle 50% From 0.001 to 10.000 kWh/pulse (only for the second input)	Key-pad	1 push-button for variable scrolling and programming. Full programming can be carried out only using Eos-ArraySoft.
Contact measuring voltage Contact measuring current Contact resistance	3.3VDC <1mA ≤1kΩ closed contact; ≥20kΩ open contact		

VMU-S input specifications

Digital inputs Current type Current range	1 (shunt) AV10: 16A DC @ 40°C, 15A @ 50°C, 14A @ 55°C, 12A @ 60°C AV10: 1000V DC	Input impedance Voltage Current	> 2.5MΩ < 0.006Ω+ fuse impedance) @ 0.5 Nm (screw terminal torque). For current input of 16A the fuse has therefore a nominal current of 32A AC. The maximum dissipation power has not to exceed 2W.
		Voltage Overloads Continuous For 500ms To earth	1100V 1600V 800V
Accuracy Input type AV10 Current	(@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%) ±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 0.05A to 16A ±(0.5%RDG+2 DGT) from 20V to 1000V	Current Overloads Continuous For 1s	AV10: 16A AV10: 100A max
Voltage	±(1% RDG+ 2DGT)	Protection Fuse holder Fuse size Fuse current	Integrated into the module 10.3x38mm (IEC269-2-1) fuse NOT provided (it has to be 1.25 Isc for DC current)
Power Energy Start up current Start up voltage	±(1% RDG) 0.05A 10V		
Temperature drift	≤200ppm/°C		
Measurement sampling time	2 sec.		
Variables format Instantaneous variables Resolution Energies	4-DGT (V, A, W) 0.1V; 0.01A; 0.01kW Total: 5+1 DGT (0.1KWh)		
Max. and Min. data format	See "Stored set of variables coming from ..."		

VMU-P input specifications

Temperature drift	≤200ppm/°C	Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
Variables format		Wind speed sensor inputs	
Instantaneous variables	4 DGT (Temperature, solar irradiation and wind speed)	Number of inputs	1
Resolution	0.1°C/0.1°F; 1W/m², 1W/ft²; 0.1m/s, 0.1ft/s	Range	0 to 1000Hz max, duty cycle 50%
Max. and Min. data format	See "Stored set of variables coming from ..."	Accuracy	±(0.02%RDG+1DGT)
Temperature probe inputs		@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	0% to 25% FS;
Number of inputs	2 (Input 1: PV module; Input 2: environment)	(Display + RS485)	±(0.01%RDG+1DGT)
Temperature probe	Pt100 or Pt1000	Temperature drift	25% to 110% FS.
Number of wires	Up to 3-wire connection	Scaling factor	±150ppm
Wire compensation	Up to 10Ω.	Operating mode	Dual scale:
Accuracy (Display + RS485)	See table "Temperature input characteristics"		- Input: programmable range from 0 to 999.9 (Hz)
Temperature drift	±150ppm		- Display: programmable range from 0.1 to 299.9 (m/s, ft/s)
Engineering unit	Selectable °C or °F	Decimal point position	Fixed
Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"	Operating input	2.5V _{peak} to 9V _{peak} /5mA _{peak} to 35mA _{peak} , duty cycle 50%
Irradiation sensor inputs		Impedance	220Ω
Number of inputs	1	Contact measuring voltage	10 to 50VDC
Range	0 to 120mVDC	Contact measuring current	<10mA
Accuracy	±(0.2%RDG+1DGT)	Contact resistance	≤100Ω closed contact; ≥500kΩ open contact
(@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	0% to 25% FS;		
(Display + RS485)	±(0.1%RDG+1DGT)	Overload	
	25% to 120% FS.	Continuous	7V _{RMS} /25mA _{RMS} (AC/DC)
Temperature drift	±150ppm	For 1s	14V _{RMS} /50mA _{RMS} (AC/DC)
Scaling factor		Insulation	See the table "Insulation between inputs and communication bus"
Operating mode	Dual scale:		
	- Input: programmable range from 0 to 999.9 (mVDC)		
	- Display: programmable range from 0.000 to 9.999 (kW/m², kW/ft²)		
Decimal point position	Fixed.		
Impedance	> 30KΩ		
Overload			
Continuous	10VDC (measurement available up to 1V on both display and communication bus)		
For 1s	20VDC		

VMU-M and VMU-P Temperature input characteristics

Probe	Range	Accuracy	Min Indication	Max Indication
Pt100	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt100	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0
Pt1000	-50°C to +200.0°C	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-50.0	+200.0
Pt1000	-58°F to +392°F	±(0.5%RDG +5DGT)	-58.0	+392.0

VMU-M Output specifications

RS485		Auxiliary communication bus	
Type	Multidrop, bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)		This is the communication bus to the VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units where VMU-M performs the master function in this network. VMU-M unit can gather the following information from the bus:
Connections	2-wire. Max. distance 1000m		- All variables available on the bus;
Addresses	247, selectable by means of the front push-button		- Antitheft status;
Protocol	MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)		- Blown protection fuse;
Data (bidirectional)			- PV connection problems;
Dynamic (reading only)	All variables, see table "Measured variables, data format and messages" in the VMU-S document		- PV reverse voltage and current polarity.
Static (writing only)	All the configuration parameters.		The local address in both the VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O units is automatically assigned by VMU-M master unit based on their positions. It can manage up to 15 different addresses (units).
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit		See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Baud-rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, 38400, 115200 bits/s		
Driver input capability	Parity: none		
Special functions	1/5 unit load. Maximum 160 transceivers on the same bus.	Insulation	
Insulation	None See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		

VMU-O Input/Output specifications

Maximum number of modules managed by every single VMU-M module	Up to 7	Digital output Number of outputs Purpose	2 Alarm notification as a String alarm or as a digital input status changing (OR function); activation of a lighting system (by means of the internal clock or as a remote control); activation of a module washing system (by means of the internal clock, as a remote control or as a changing of efficiency of the PV panels). Relay, SPST type AC 1-5A @ 250VAC AC 15-1A @ 250VAC Available by means of VMU-O module only See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
Digital inputs Number of inputs Working mode Purpose Input frequency Contact reading voltage Contact reading current Contact resistance Insulation	2 Detection of OPEN/CLOSED contact status Trip of protection detection, the status is transmitted only by means of the communication port. 2Hz max, duty cycle 50% 10 to 30VDC <2mA ≤ 300Ω closed contact; ≥ 10kΩ open contact See the table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"	Type Insulation	

Main Function

Displaying Own VMU-M module	1 parameter per page See "Stored set of variables from ..." and "Alarm and diagnostics messages"	1st level 2nd level	2 protection levels of the programming data: Password "0", no protection; Password from 1 to 9999, all data are protected
When a VMU-S module is selected	All the information related to the status of the string being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	Reset	By means of the front push-button when the relevant VMU-S is selected
When a VMU-P module is selected	All the information related to the status of the environment probes being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	Alarms Number of alarms Alarm types Alarm modes Set-point adjustment Hysteresis On-time delay Output status	One, independent for every single available variable (see the table "List of the variables that can be...") Virtual alarm or real alarm Up alarm, down alarm (see the table "List of the variables that can be connected to ...") From 0 to 100% of the display scale From 0 to full scale 0 to 3600s Selectable; normally de-energized or normally energized
When a VMU-O module is selected	All the information related to the status of the inputs/outputs being selected by means of the front key (see "Variable" in the table "List of the variables that can be...").	Min. response time	≤ 700ms, set-point on-time delay: "0 s"
Password	Numeric code of max. 4 digits;		

Main Function (Cont.)

Clock		Event logging	
Functions	Universal clock and calendar.	Data displaying	The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using RS485 communication port in combination with Eos-ArraySoft software. Activation: NO/YES VMU-O digital input/output status change (real and virtual alarms), string alarms (see "String control") and theft alarm, VMU-M 1st digital input status change. The events are recorded as soon as they occur. For more information about the type and stored data, see "List of the variables that can be connected to" Max. 10 000. The reset can be carried out only using Eos-ArraySoft.
Daylight-saving enabling	Activation: NO/YES	Function enabling	
Time format	Hour:minutes with selectable 24 hours or AM/PM	Type of stored events	
Date format	Month-Day, where the month is displayed in a three letter format (e.g.: JAN-FEB-MAR) and the date as a number. Year is displayed in a two digit format.		
Battery life	10 years		
Data logging			
Data	The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using RS485 communication port in combination with Eos-ArraySoft software.	Number of events	Max. 10 000. The reset can be carried out only using Eos-ArraySoft. Event, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss) Circular FIFO Flash 10 years
Function enabling	Activation: NO/YES	Data reset	
Function description	All the events gathered from both VMU-S, VMU-O and VMU-P modules are stored individually into the internal memory.	Data format	
Stored data type	Variables: V, A, W, Wh, PV module temperature, ambient temperature, irradiation, wind speed, string efficiency and BOS efficiency.	Storage method	
		Memory type	
		Memory retention time	
Storage interval	Selectable: 1-5-10-15-30-60 minutes	String control	
Sampling management	The sample stored within the selected time interval results from the continuous average calculation of the measured values. The average is calculated with an interval within two following measurements of approx. 2s.	Function enabling	Activation: NO/YES Match max. control or median control Match max. control: this function is helpful only if there are at least two string controls (VMU-S units). The highest value of the measured string power among those available is used as a reference value. The alarm set-point is a value which can be set by the user as a percentage of the reference value below which there is the alarm condition. - Median control: the measurement of the string power is performed by the local VMU-S module individually. Within the VMU-M system all values coming
Storage duration	Before overwriting: depending on the storage interval, see "Historical data storing time table"	Function selection	
		Function description	
Data format	Variables, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss)		
Storage method	Circular FIFO		
Memory type	Flash		
Memory retention time	10 years		

Main Function (Cont.)

<p>String window alarm</p> <p>Other alarms</p>	<p>at the same instant from every VMU-S module are used to calculate the “median” value which becomes the reference value to which the dynamic window set-point (in percentage set by the user) is linked. The abnormal condition is detected when the measured instantaneous string power is out of the set window alarm. The alarm activates, with reference to the failed string, either a relay output (only in case of “VMU-O” connection) or/and a message which is transmitted by means of the RS485 communication port to an acquisition system. The alarm is set as the string power control, the value is programmable in percentage (of the measured string value) from 0.1 to 199.9. The alarms can be connected also to: A and V.</p>	<p>BOS efficiency measurement</p> <p>Antitheft control</p> <p>Fuse blow detection and missing PV module connection</p> <p>Wrong PV string connection</p>	<p>The total efficiency measurement is based on the comparison between the generated energy and the exported energy supplied to the grid. The grid supplied energy is measured by means of a “S0” output coming from an energy meter like EM21-72, EM24-DIN, EM26-96 where the pulsating output (-kWh) is connected to the second digital input of VMU-M.</p> <p>Antitheft control on PV module connected upstream the VMU-S unit. This function works only if the PV modules upstream the string current input are connected in series. Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-M unit.</p> <p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-M unit.</p> <p>Warning message transmission through the local port to the VMU-M unit.</p>
<p>“PV string” efficiency measurement</p> <p>Function enabling</p> <p>Control type “0”</p> <p>Control type “1”</p> <p>Control type “2”</p>	<p>Activation: NO/YES</p> <p>Three type of controls are available</p> <p>The VMU-P unit is not available therefore the single strings are used to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p> <p>The VMU-P module is present and both PV module temperature and irradiation are measured to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p> <p>The VMU-P module is present and both ambient temperature and irradiation are measured to calculate the reference value for the efficiency calculation.</p>		

Note: the “String control”, the “PV string efficiency” and the “BOS efficiency” can be carried out only in case a minimum system is available like a VMU-M, plus a VMU-S, plus a VMU-P and an energy meter with pulsating output.

Insulation between inputs and outputs

Module		Any	VMU-M			VMU-P			VMU-O		VMU-S		
	Type of input/output	Local bus	DC Power supply	Temperature or digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	RS485	Temperature: Ch1, Ch2	Solar irradiation	Wind speed	Digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	Relay outputs: Ch1, Ch2	Input string (V-)	Input string (A+)	Output string (A+)
Any	Local bus	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-M	DC Power supply	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Temperature or digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	RS485	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-P	Temperature: Ch1, Ch2	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Solar irradiation	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	0kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Wind speed	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-O	Digital inputs: Ch1, Ch2	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	0kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV
	Relay outputs: Ch1, Ch2	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
VMU-S	Input string (V-)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	>5MΩ
	Input string (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV
	Output string (A+)	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	>5MΩ	4kV	-

Note: The isolation between the two relay outputs is 4kV.

0kV	Inputs / outputs are not insulated. Use insulated probes and free of voltage contacts inputs.
4kVrms	EN61010-1, IEC60664-1 - Over-voltage category III, Pollution degree 2, double insulation on systems with max. 300Vrms to ground
4kVrms	IEC60664-1 - Using protection device with clamping voltage $\leq 4kV$ (surge suppressor) the system insulation can be considered as reinforced for string output voltage up to 1000V. IEC60664-1, IEC61730-2 application class B: impulse withstand voltage 1,2/50μsec: 6000V.
4kV	Only if the fuse is not present. The fuse is only for over-current protection (it has not to be considered as a disconnecting device).

General specifications

Operating temperature	-25 to +55°C (-13°F to 131°F) (R.H. from 0 to <90% non-condensing @ 40°C) See also "VMU-S input specifications"	Immunity to Burst	EN61000-4-4: 4kV on power lines, 2kV on single lines;
Storage temperature	-30 to +70°C (-22°F to 158°F) (R.H. <90% non-condensing @ 40°C)	Immunity to conducted disturbances	EN61000-4-6: 10V from 150KHz to 80MHz;
Over voltage category	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664) For inputs from string: equivalent to Cat. I, reinforced insulation.	Surge	EN61000-4-5: 500V on power supply; 4kV on string inputs.
Insulation (for 1 minute)	See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"	EMC (Emission) Radio frequency suppression	According to EN61000-6-3 According to CISPR 22
Dielectric strength	4000 VAC RMS for 1 minute	Standard compliance Safety	IEC60664, IEC61010-1 EN60664, EN61010-1
Noise rejection CMRR	65 dB, 45 to 65 Hz	Approvals	CE, cULus Listed
EMC (Immunity) Electrostatic discharges	According to EN61000-6-2 EN61000-4-2: 8kV air discharge, 4kV contact;	Housing Dimensions (WxHxD) Material	17.5 x 90 x 67 mm Noryl, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
Immunity to irradiated Electromagnetic fields	EN61000-4-3 : 10V/m from 80 to 3000MHz;	Mounting	DIN-rail
		Protection degree Front Screw terminals	IP40 IP20

VMU-M connections

Connections Cable cross-section area	Screw-type 1.5 mm ² max, Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm		RS485 communication 2 screw terminals used for power supply
Screw terminal purposes 1.5 mm ²	3+3 screw terminals used for two temperature inputs 3 screw terminals used for	Weight	Approx. 100 g (packing included)

VMU-S connections

Connections Cable cross-section area Current	Screw-type Min. 2.5 mm ² , max 6 mm ² in case of flexible wire, Max. 10 mm ² in case of rigid wire. Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.5 Nm / 1.1 Nm Max 1.5 mm ² , Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	Screw terminal purposes 10 mm ² 1.5 mm ²	1+1 screw terminals: 1 (+) for string input and 1 (+) for string output (to the Inverter) 3 screw terminals: for negative connection of string
Voltage (-)		Weight	Approx. 100 g (packing included)

VMU-P connections

Connections	Screw-type	2 screw terminals used for wind speed sensor, 2 screw terminals used for solar irradiation sensor
Cable cross-section area	1.5 mm ² max. Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm	
Screw terminal purposes	3+3 screw terminals used for two temperature probes	Weight
1.5 mm ²		Approx. 100 g (packing included)

VMU-O connections

Connections	Screw-type	Screw terminal purposes	
Cable cross-section area		1.5 mm ²	
Relay outputs and digital inputs	Max 1.5 mm ² Min./Max. screws tightening torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm		2+2 screw terminals: two for 1st relay output and two for 2nd relay output (SPST type) 4 screw terminals: for two digital inputs

Power supply specifications

VMU-M		VMU-S-P-O	
Power supply	12 to 28 VDC	Power supply	Self-power supplied through the communication bus
Power consumption	≤1W	Power consumption	≤0.7W

Sizing of Carlo Gavazzi DC power supply

VMU-S units	VMU-O units	VMU-P units	Consumption	Power supply part number
From 1 to 3	None	None	PS _w : 2.5W	SPM1 24 1
From 1 to 3	1	1	PS _w : 5W	SPM1 24 1
From 4 to 10	From 2 to 4	1	PS _w : 10W	SPM3 24 1
From 11 to 14	1	1	PS _w : 11W	SPM3 24 1
Max. 14	Max. 7	Max. 7		Note: VMU-P as 1.8W includes also the CG (part number DWS-V) wind sensor consumption.

Note: the consumption above includes already one VMU-U unit. For different combinations not mentioned above the consumption calculation is the following: $PS_w < 1W + n_{VMU-S} * 0.5W + n_{VMU-O} * 0.7W + n_{VMU-P} * 1.8W$. Where “n” is number of power supplied units.

Stored set of variables in the VMU-M module

No.	Variable	Data format	Notes
1	Temperature 1	-60.0 to 400.0	The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
2	Temperature 2	-60.0 to 400.0	The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
3	BOS efficiency	0.0 to 999.9	“Total efficiency” result in percentage
4	AC energy value	0.0 to 99999.9	The value is in kWh and is the result of the totalized pulses coming from external energy meter

Stored set of variables coming from every single VMU-S module

No.	Variable	Data format	Sub-address	Notes
1	V	0.0 to 999.9	From 1 to 15	
2	A	0.0 to 20.00	From 1 to 15	
3	kW	0.0 to 99.99	From 1 to 15	
4	kWh	0.0 to 99999.9	From 1 to 15	
5	String efficiency	0.0 to 999.9		"PV string" efficiency result in percentage. Every string in the network has its own data.

Stored set of variables coming from every single VMU-P module

No.	Variable	Data format	Sub-address	Notes
1	Temperature 1 (PV module)	-60.0 to 400.0	From 1 to 15	PV module temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
2	Temperature 2 (Environment)	-60.0 to 400.0	From 1 to 15	Ambient temperature (°C/°F). The range is extended so to cover both °C and °F indication
3	Solar irradiation	0.0 to 9.999	From 1 to 15	Irradiation kW/m ² (kW/feet ²). (e.g. in: 0 to 1kW/m ² (1kW/feet ²), out: 0 to 100mV)
4	Wind speed	0.0 to 299.9	From 1 to 15	Wind speed (m/s) or feet/s

Stored set of variables in the VMU-M module

No.	Message	Notes
1	tHEft	Theft warning: removal of the connected upstream PV modules or cable problems from the PV modules to the VMU-S unit. The THEFT information is given in combination with the LED alarm on VMU-M and the LED colour code on every single string.
2	StrinG	String failure warning: the "String control" function has detected a failure. The STRING information is given in combination with the LED alarm on VMU-M and the LED colour code on every single string.
3	Conn.Po	The string is wrongly connected (reverse polarity)
4	SYSteM	Power-up self-test error
5	buS	Auxiliary bus communication error
6	ALARm	Variables alarm (any)

Historical data storing time table

Time interval (minutes) (1)	From 1 to 15 strings			
	Data storing time			
	Min. days	Min. weeks	Min. months	Note
1	6	0	0	(2), (3), (4)
5	34	4	1	(2), (3), (4)
10	69	9	2	(2), (3), (4)
15	104	14	3	(2), (3), (4)
30	208	29	7	(2), (3), (4)
60	416	59	14	(2), (3), (4)

(1) Every value stored in the memory, is the result of the average calculation, in the selected time interval of the variable being measured and sampled every 2 seconds.

(2) A maximum of 10 000 variable sets can be stored into the memory independently from the type and quantity of managed modules (for a maximum of 15).

(3) The stored variables are coming from the VMU-P module and are: PV module temperature, ambient temperature, irradiation and wind speed.

(4) The stored variables are relevant to both String efficiency and BOS efficiency.

List of the variables that can be displayed and connected to ...

- RS485 communication port
- Real and virtual alarms and events
- Data-logging

No	Variable	Event-logging	Data-logging	Alarm output	Module (from)	Notes
1	°C (°F) (input 1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	As alternative of status detection (4)
2	°C (°F) (input 2)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	As alternative of variable (5)
3	% BOS efficiency	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-M	BOS efficiency calculation of the PV plant (in case of one VMU-M unit only). In all other cases the calculation is made by the software.
4	ON / OFF status (input 1)	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-M	As alternative of variable (1)
5	kWh (input 2)	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-M	Counting of pulses coming from an energy meter, as alternative of variable (2)
6	Reset kWh (input 2)	No	No	No	VMU-M	Resetting of totalized pulses from AC energy meter
7	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Local bus communication problems
8	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Changed system modules configuration
9	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	Incoherent programming parameters
10	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (a)	VMU-M	More than one VMU-P unit connected to the bus
11	Error: 5	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Short circuit on probe input 1
12	Error: 6	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Open circuit on probe input 1
13	Error: 7	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Short circuit on probe input 2
14	Error: 8	Yes	No	Yes (b)	VMU-M	Open circuit on probe input 2
15	Status: 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-M	Local programming access
16	Status: 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-M	Power ON/OFF
17	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
18	A	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
19	kW	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	Available from every string
20	kWh	Yes	Yes	No	VMU-S	Available from every string
21	Reset string kWh	No	No	No	VMU-S	Resetting DC string energy meter
22	Reset all strings kWh	No	No	No	VMU-S	Resetting all DC string energy meters
23	% string efficiency	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	String efficiency
24	Status: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Incoherent programming parameters
25	Status: 2	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Not connected solar string
26	Status: 3	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	Reverse string current or voltage
27	Status: 4	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-S	High temperature inside VMU-S unit
28	String control	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-S	
29	°C (°F) input 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	PV module temperature
30	°C (°F) input 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Air temperature
31	kWp/m ² (kWp/ft ²)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Solar irradiation
32	m/s (ft/s)	Yes	Yes	Yes	VMU-P	Wind speed
33	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-P	Incoherent programming parameters
34	Error: 2	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input 1
35	Error: 3	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input 1
36	Error: 4	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Short circuit on probe input 2
37	Error: 5	Yes	No	Yes (c)	VMU-P	Open circuit on probe input 2
38	Status: input 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
39	Status: input 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
40	Status: output 1	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
41	Status: output 2	Yes	No	No	VMU-O	ON /OFF status detection
42	Error: 1	Yes	No	Yes	VMU-O	Incoherent programming parameters

Note about “Alarm output”: YES (a), YES (b) and YES (c) are according to the relevant letter “OR” logic alarms.

VMU-M connections

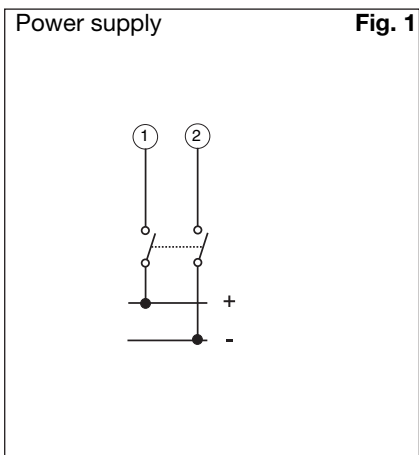
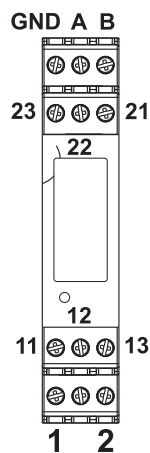


Fig. 1

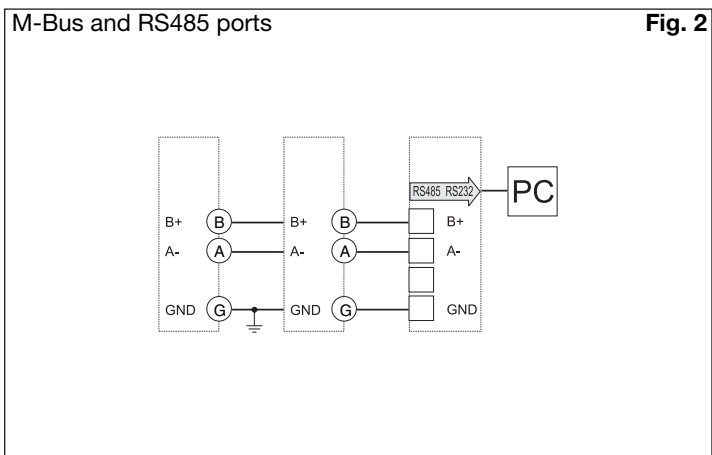


Fig. 2

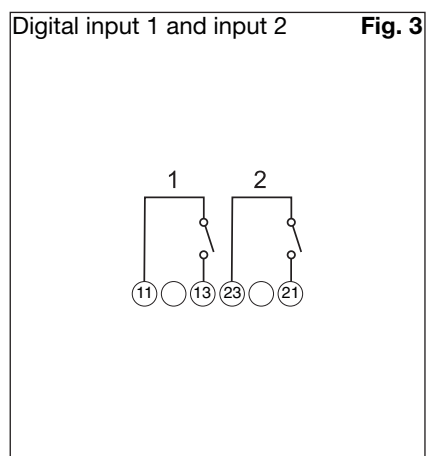


Fig. 3

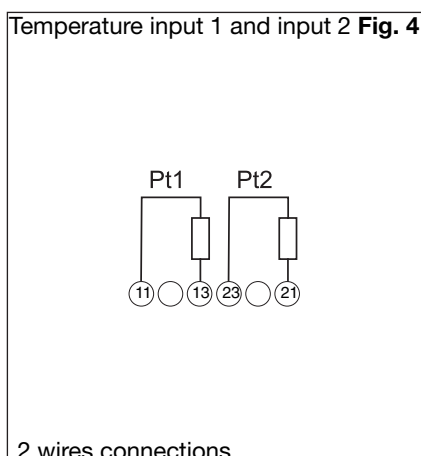


Fig. 4

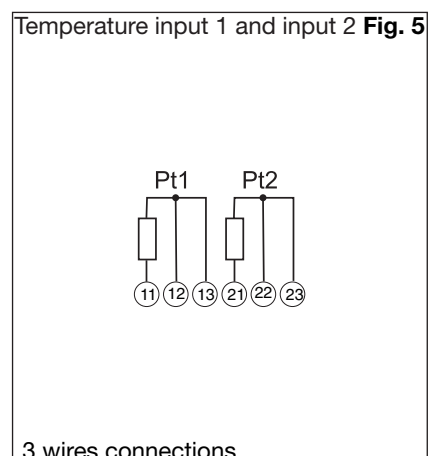


Fig. 5

VMU-S connections

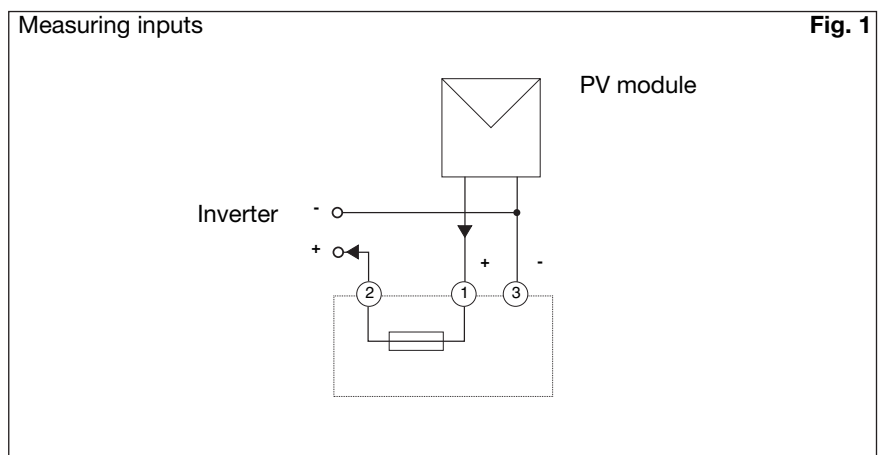
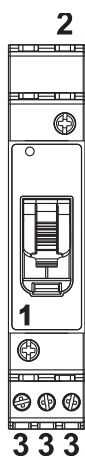


Fig. 1

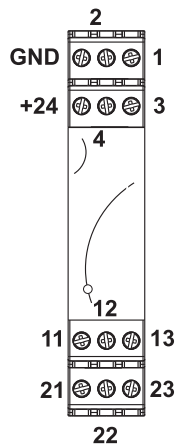


Fig. 1

Wind speed input
Sensor model DWS-V

NPN
out

+

GND

3 4 24 G

NPN output

Wind speed input
Sensor model DWS-V

Fig. 2

PNP out

+

GND

3 4 24 G

PNP output

Irradiation input **Fig. 3**

The diagram shows a photovoltaic cell represented by a circle containing two parallel horizontal lines of unequal length, with a '+' sign above the longer line and a '-' sign below the shorter line. Two arrows point towards the cell, representing incident light. The cell is connected in a loop: a wire goes from the positive terminal, up and left, then down to a terminal labeled '1'; another wire goes from the negative terminal, down and left, then up to a terminal labeled '2'.

Temperature input 1 and input 2 **Fig. 4**

The diagram shows two identical modules, Pt1 and Pt2. Each module has two input terminals at the bottom, represented by circles labeled 11 and 13 for Pt1, and 21 and 23 for Pt2. From each input terminal, a vertical line extends upwards. These lines then branch out to the left and right, connecting to a single vertical line that leads to a rectangular output terminal at the top of each module. This configuration represents a 2-wire connection for each module.

Temperature input 1 and input 2 **Fig. 5**

The diagram shows two identical sensor input sections, labeled Pt1 and Pt2. Each section has a central terminal (12 for Pt1, 22 for Pt2) connected to a common ground rail. Two additional terminals (11 and 13 for Pt1, 21 and 23 for Pt2) are connected to the same common rail through a rectangular component, likely a resistor or diode. The terminals are represented by circles with numbers inside.

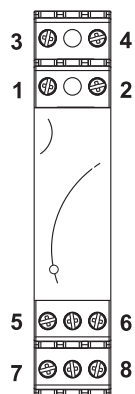


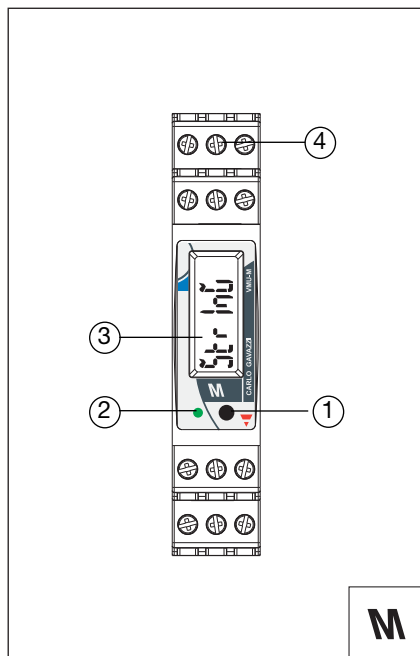
Fig. 1

The diagram shows two parallel circuits, labeled 1 and 2. Circuit 1 consists of a battery (represented by a circle with a cross) connected in series with a switch and a lamp (represented by a circle with a cross). The components are labeled with numbers 5 through 8. Circuit 2 is identical to Circuit 1, also consisting of a battery, a switch, and a lamp in series. The components are labeled with numbers 5 through 8.

Fig. 2

The diagram shows a ladder logic circuit with two parallel branches. The top rail is connected to two normally open contacts labeled '2' and '4'. The bottom rail is connected to two normally closed contacts labeled '1' and '3', both of which are also labeled 'C'. The first branch is labeled '1' and the second branch is labeled '2'.

VMU-M Frontal panel description



1. Push button.

To program the configuration parameters and to scroll the variables. One key function: short time pushbutton click: variable scroll or parameter increasing. Long time pushbutton click: programming procedure entering, parameter selection confirmation.

2. LED.

Green steady light: the module is power supplied and there is no communication on the RS485 bus. Green blinking light: the communication on the RS485 bus is working. Red: alarm detected (any). In case of alarm/communication condition the LED alternates its colour from red (alarm) to green. The blinking time is approx. 1 second.

3. Display.

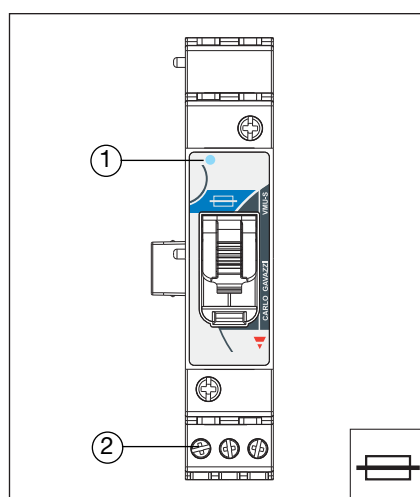
LCD-type with alphanumeric indications to:

- display some configuration parameters;
- display some measured variables.

4. Screw terminals.

For power supply, bus and digital inputs/output connections

VMU-S Frontal panel description



1. LED

Green: the power supply is ON, there is a string current up to 1A;

Yellow: there is a string current from 1.1 to 3A;

Light orange: there is a string current from 3.1 to 6A;

Orange: there is a string current from 6.1 to 8A;

Dark orange: there is a string current from 8.1 to 10A;

Red: there is a string current higher than 10A;

Cycling from blue to any other colour listed above (from yellow to red): string alarm

Cycling from blue to green: PV modules removed or blown fuse.

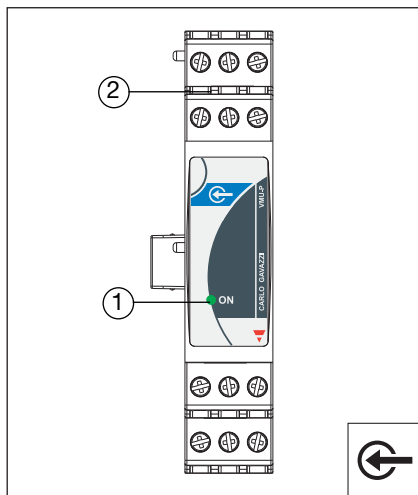
Cycling from blue to violet: inverted string polarity.

Cycling from white to any other colour: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying and shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.

2. Screw terminals

For string connections

VMU-P Frontal panel description



1. LED

ON steady light: the module is power supplied.

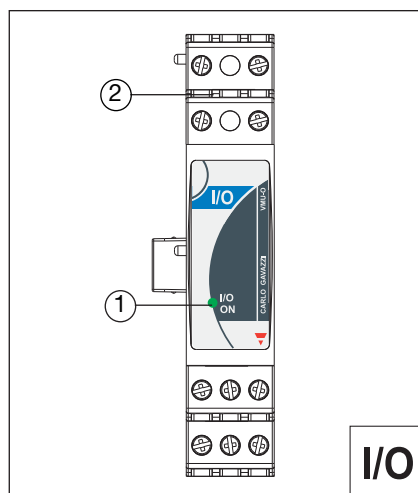
Green: the power supply is ON.

White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying

2. Screw terminals

For measuring input connections

VMU-O Frontal panel description



1. LED

ON steady light: the module is power supplied.

Green: the power supply is ON

White: the unit is enabled by VMU-M module for data reading and displaying.

Red: one or both digital inputs are activated

Blue: one or both digital outputs are activated

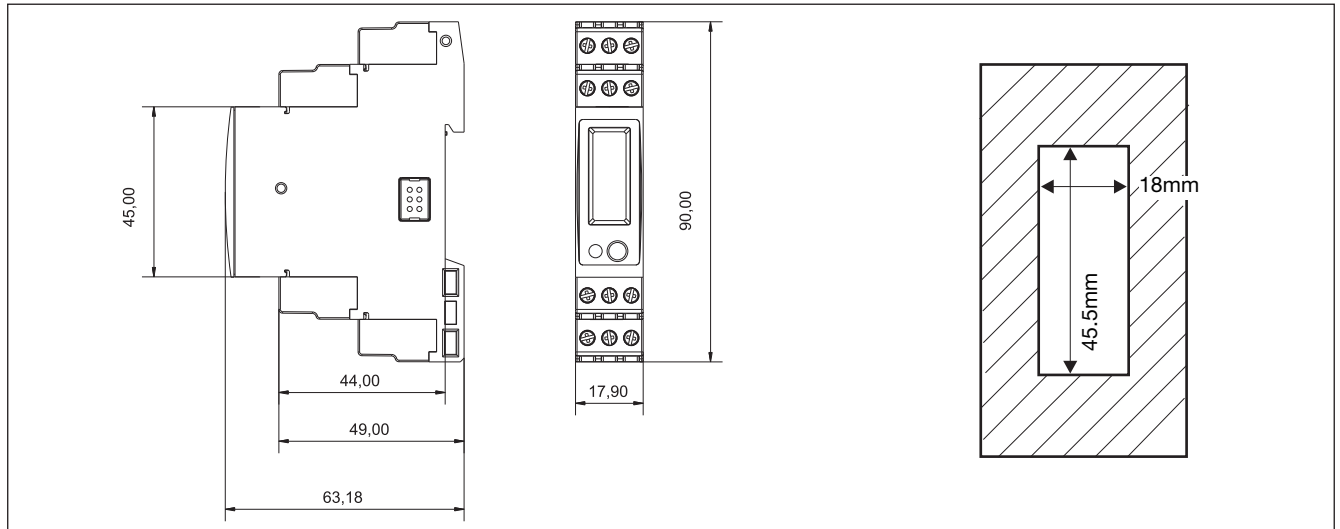
Cycling from one colour to any other one: the unit shows the status of the module according to the colour list above.

The cycling time is approx. 1 second.

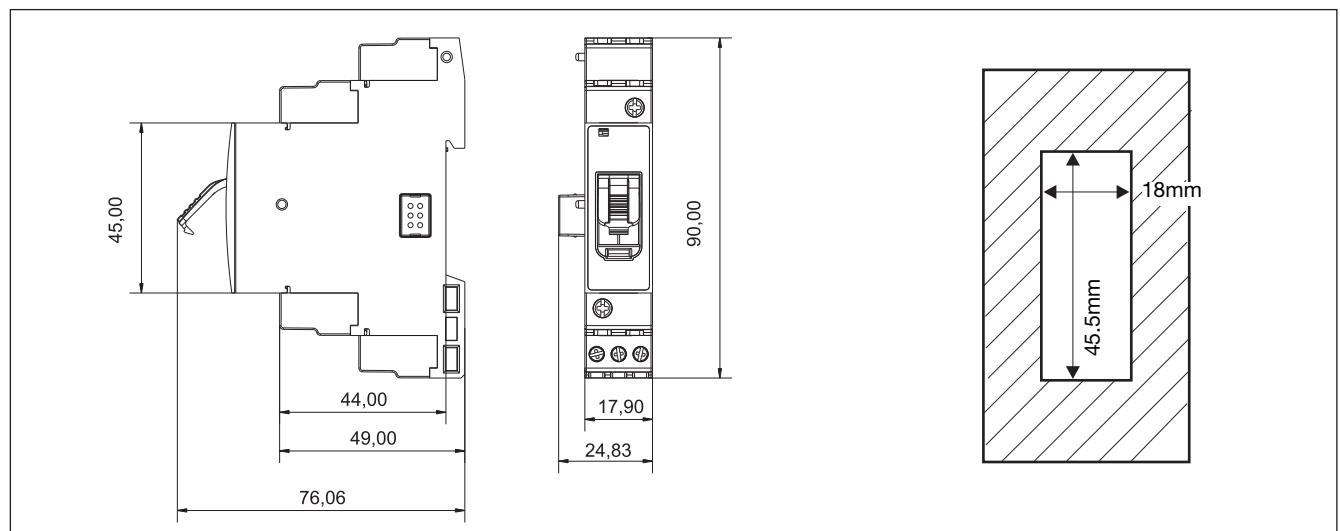
2. Screw terminals

For digital inputs and outputs connections

VMU-M Dimensions and panel cut-out

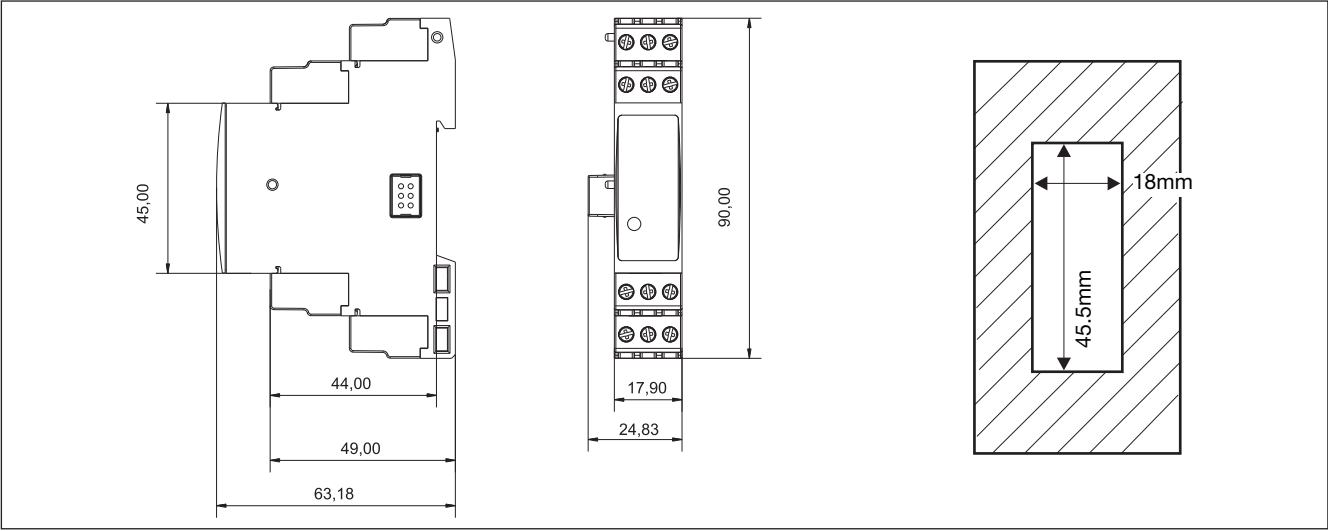


VMU-S Dimensions and panel cut-out

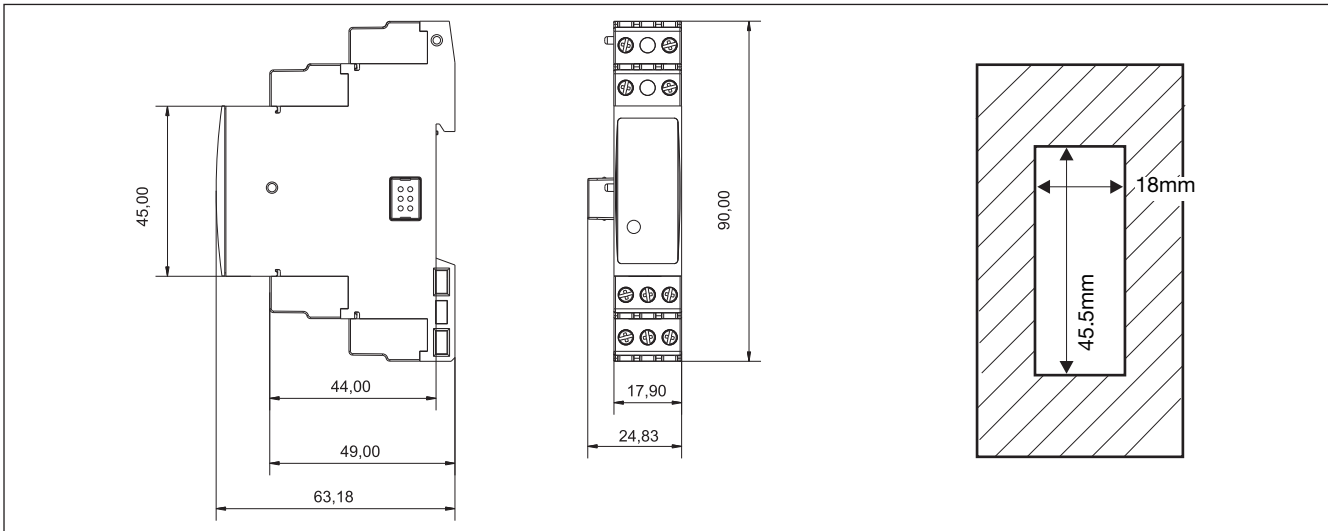




VMU-P Dimensions and panel cut-out



VMU-O Dimensions and panel cut-out



Eos-ArraySoft parameter programming and variable reading software

Eos-ArraySoft	Multi-language software (Italian, English, French, German, Spanish) for variable reading and parameters programming. The program runs under Windows 98/98SE/2000/NT/XP/Vista	Data Storing	In pre-formatted XLS files (Excel data base).
		Data Transfer	Manual or automatic at programmable intervals.
Application	Management of a limited network where Eos-ArraySoft manages basically one VMU-M unit with relevant VMU-S, VMU-P and VMU-O modules and maybe an energy meter connected to the VMU-M digital input	Data displaying	The following matrix is available: - String 1: V-A-kW-kWh; - String 2: V-A-kW-kWh; - String n: V-A-kW-kWh. - Main: PV module temperature, ambient temperature, irradiation and wind speed.
Configuration mode	There are two configuration levels: - the RS485 communication network which can include either one or more VMU-M units; - the auxiliary network with all the parameters relevant to the following modules: VMU-M, VMU-S, VMU-P, VMU-O.	Alarm set-up	Alarm parameters and text